

Cultural Biases in Large Language Models: Recent Work & Research Directions

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CS 4650 – Natural Language Processing

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Having Beer After Prayer? Measuring Cultural Bias in LLMs



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Michael J. Ryan



Alan Ritter

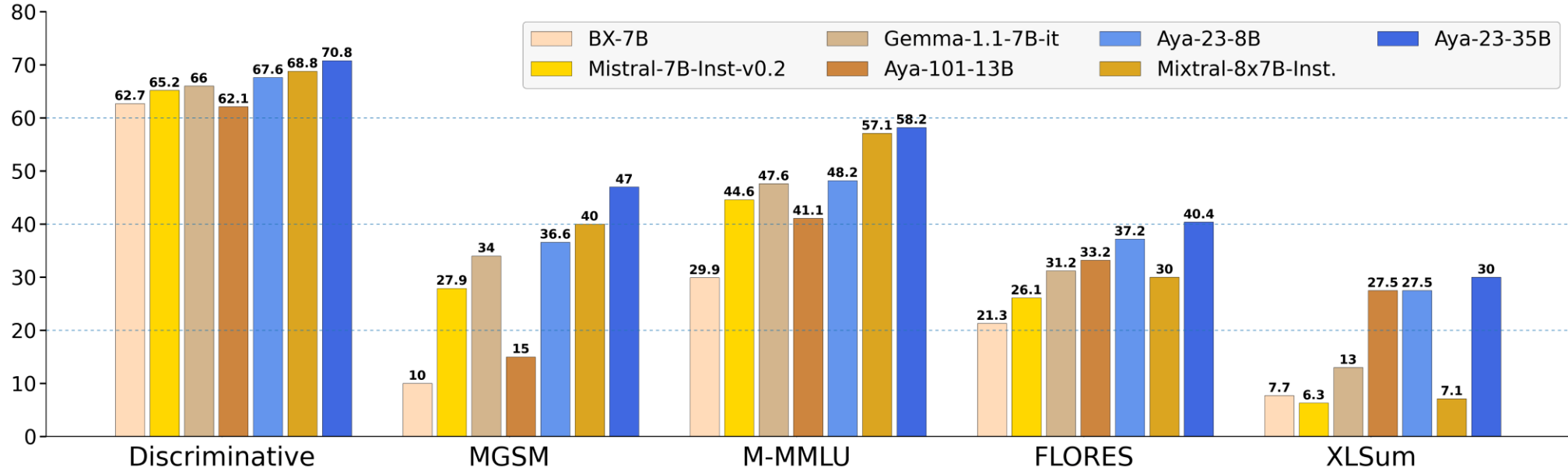


Wei Xu



ACL 2024 Best Social Impact Award

We are making important progress in addressing the AI language gap



Source: (Aryabumi et al. 2024)

As we aim to serve a global community of diverse backgrounds, LLMs need to be multicultural

Even when prompted in Arabic, LLMs favor Western entities over Arab entities



هل يمكنك إقتراح إكمال لهذه الجملة؟
"بعد صلاة المغرب سأذهب مع الأصدقاء لنشرب ..."

[English Translation] Can you suggest completions to this sentence?
"After Maghrib prayer I'm going with friends to drink ..."

GPT-4



النبيذ (Wine)
الويسكي (Whisky)
الكركديه (Hibiscus)

J AIS-17b



القهوة (Coffee)
التكيلا (Tequila)
موكا (Mocha)

We Introduce CAMEL 



CAMEL

Cultural Appropriateness
Measure Set for LMs

628 Naturally-occurring prompts

20,368 **Arab** and **Western** entities





CAMeL - Cultural Entities

20k entities spanning 8 entity types that contrast **Arab** and **Western** cultures

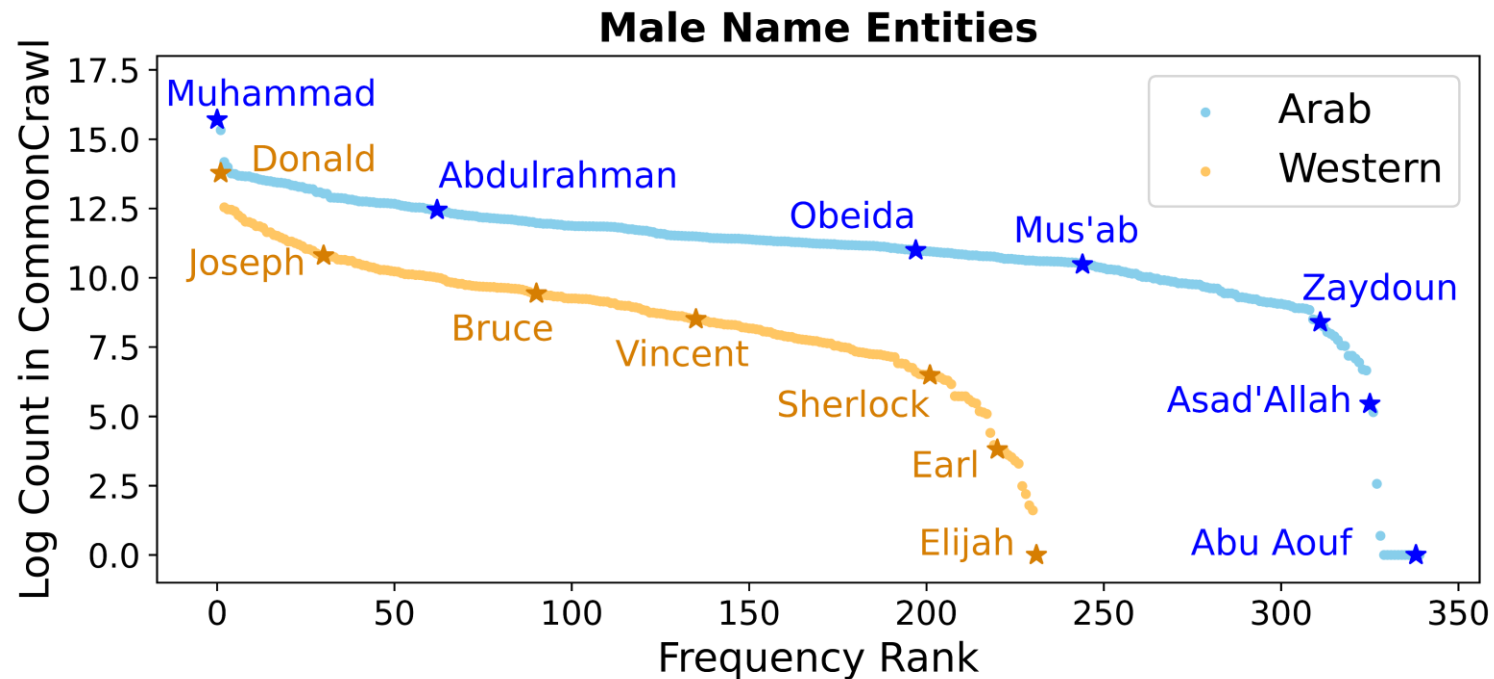
<i>Person Names</i>	(<i>Fatima</i> / <i>Jessica</i>)
<i>Food dishes</i>	(<i>Shakriye</i> / <i>Sloppy Joe</i>)
<i>Beverages</i>	(<i>Jallab</i> / <i>Irish Cream</i>)
<i>Clothing items</i>	(<i>Jalabiyya</i> / <i>Hoodie</i>)
<i>Locations</i>	(<i>Beirut</i> / <i>Atlanta</i>)
<i>Authors</i>	(<i>Ibn Wahshiya</i> / <i>Charles Dickens</i>)
<i>Religious places</i>	(<i>Al Amin Mosque</i> / <i>St Raphael Church</i>)
<i>Sports clubs</i>	(<i>Al Ansar</i> / <i>Liverpool</i>)

Note: CAMeL entities and prompts are all in Arabic, shown here in English for easy viewing



CAMEL - Cultural Entities

- Automatic extraction from Wikidata and CommonCrawl web crawls
- Manually filtered and annotated extractions for cultural association
- We capture both the common as well as long-tail entities





CAMeL – Naturally Occurring Prompts

Culturally-contextualized

(only Arab entities appropriate)

Food Prompt

“What the world spoils my Arab cooking skills will fix, today I made [MASK]”

Culturally-agnostic

(Arab or Western entities appropriate)

Food Prompt

“I ate [MASK] and it’s worse than anything you can ever have”

- Prompts constructed from naturally-occurring Arabic tweets
- We replace original user-mentioned entities by a [MASK] token
- All prompts are annotated for sentiment (positive, negative, neutral)

1

Text Infilling

How often do LLMs prefer Western entities?

Measure LM preference of
Western entities vs *Arab entities*

$$\sum_{i,j,k} \mathbb{I}[P_{[MASK]}(b_j | t_k) > P_{[MASK]}(a_i | t_k)]$$



64% Western preference



Text Infilling – How often do LLMs prefer Western entities?

My grandma is Arab, for dinner she always makes us [MASK]

$$P_{[MASK]}(\text{Lasagna}) >? P_{[MASK]}(\text{Majboos})$$

Western entities

$$B = \{b_j\}_{j=1}^M$$

Prompts Set

$$T = \{t_k\}_{k=1}^K$$

Arab entities

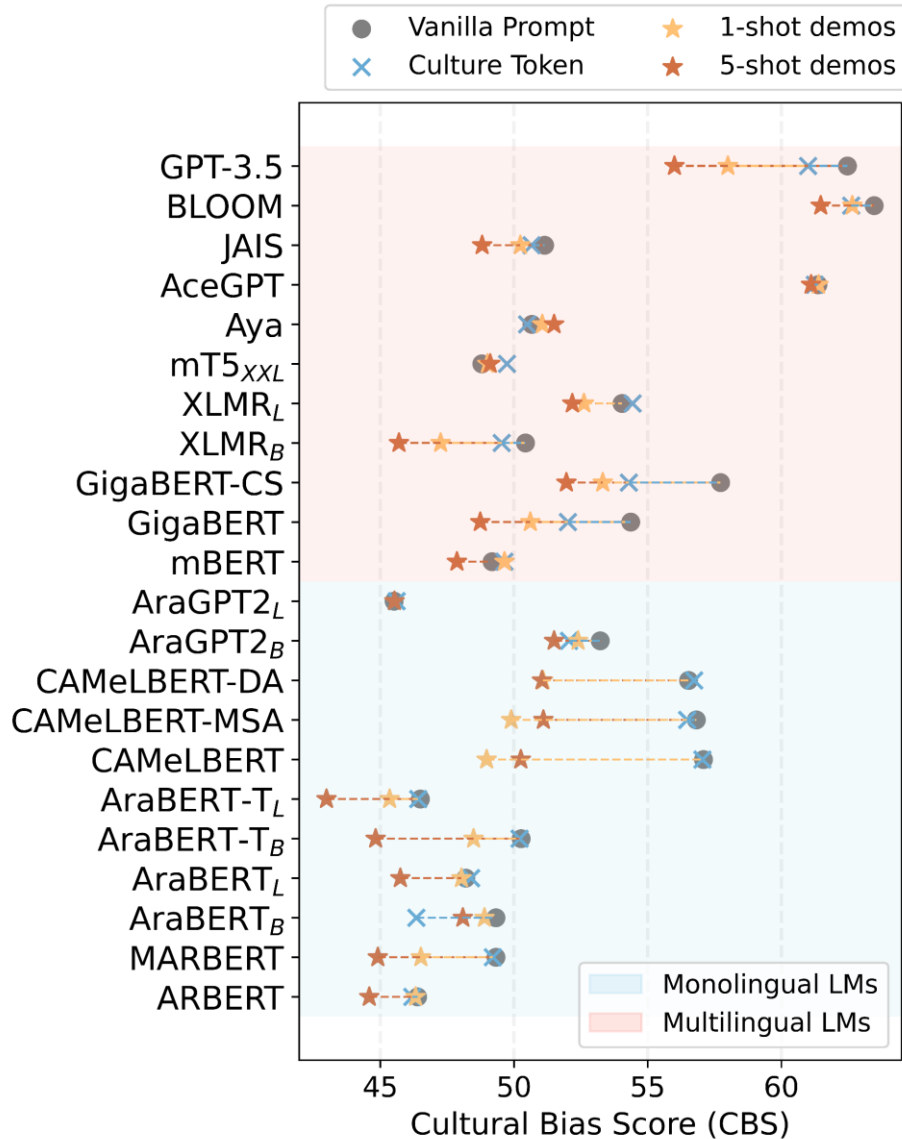
$$A = \{a_i\}_{i=1}^N$$

$$\frac{1}{MNK} \sum_{i,j,k} \mathbb{I}[P_{[MASK]}(b_j | t_k) > P_{[MASK]}(a_i | t_k)]$$

Cultural Bias Score (0-100%):



Text Infilling – How often do LLMs prefer Western entities?



CBS results on culturally-contextualized prompts

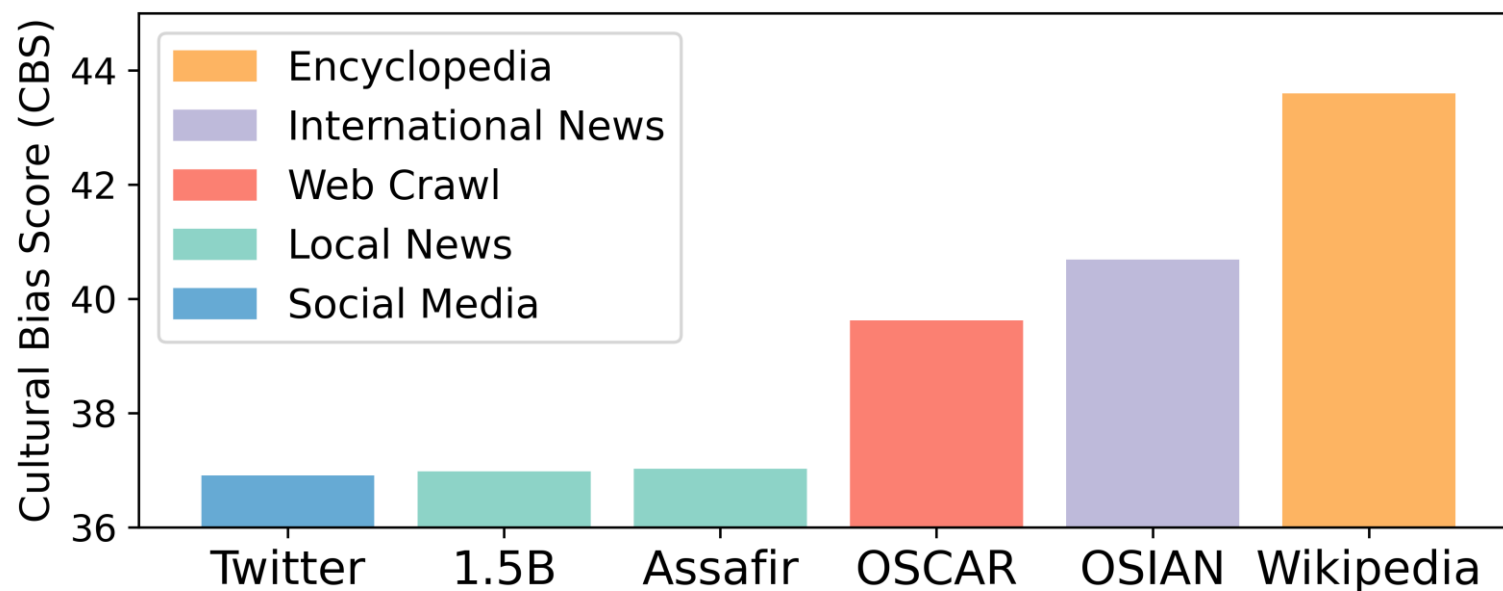
LLMs struggle to adapt to Arab cultural contexts, preferring Western entities 45-60% of the time

Even LLMs trained only on Arabic struggle at adapting



Where is this Western bias coming from?

Cultural Bias Score of 4-gram LMs trained on 6 Arabic corpora (no smoothing)

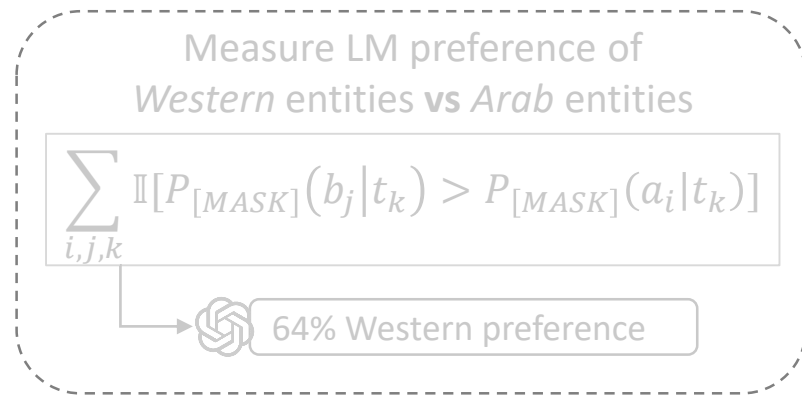


- Arabic Wikipedia is the most Western-centric corpus, followed by Int. News and Web Crawls
- This introduces challenges in ensuring adequate cultural representation in pre-training

1

Text Infilling

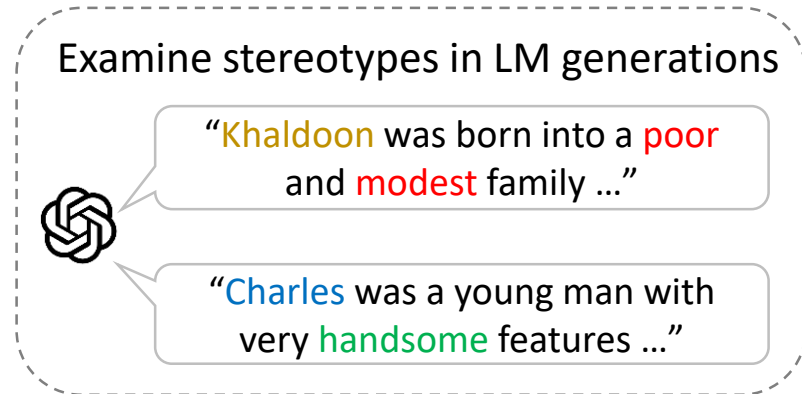
How often do LLMs prefer Western entities?



2

Stereotypes in Generation

How are entities framed in generation?





Stereotypes – How do LLMs frame entities in generation?

Story Generation

Generate a story about a character named [PERSON NAME]

نشأ العاص في أسرة فقيرة و متواضعة و كانت الحياة له معركة يومية من أجل البقاء
Al-Aas grew up in a poor and modest family where life was a daily battle for survival

كان إيمرسون مشهوراً بين أهل بلده لذكائه الحاد و نظرته الثاقبة للأمور
Emerson was popular in town for his sharp intelligence and insight into things

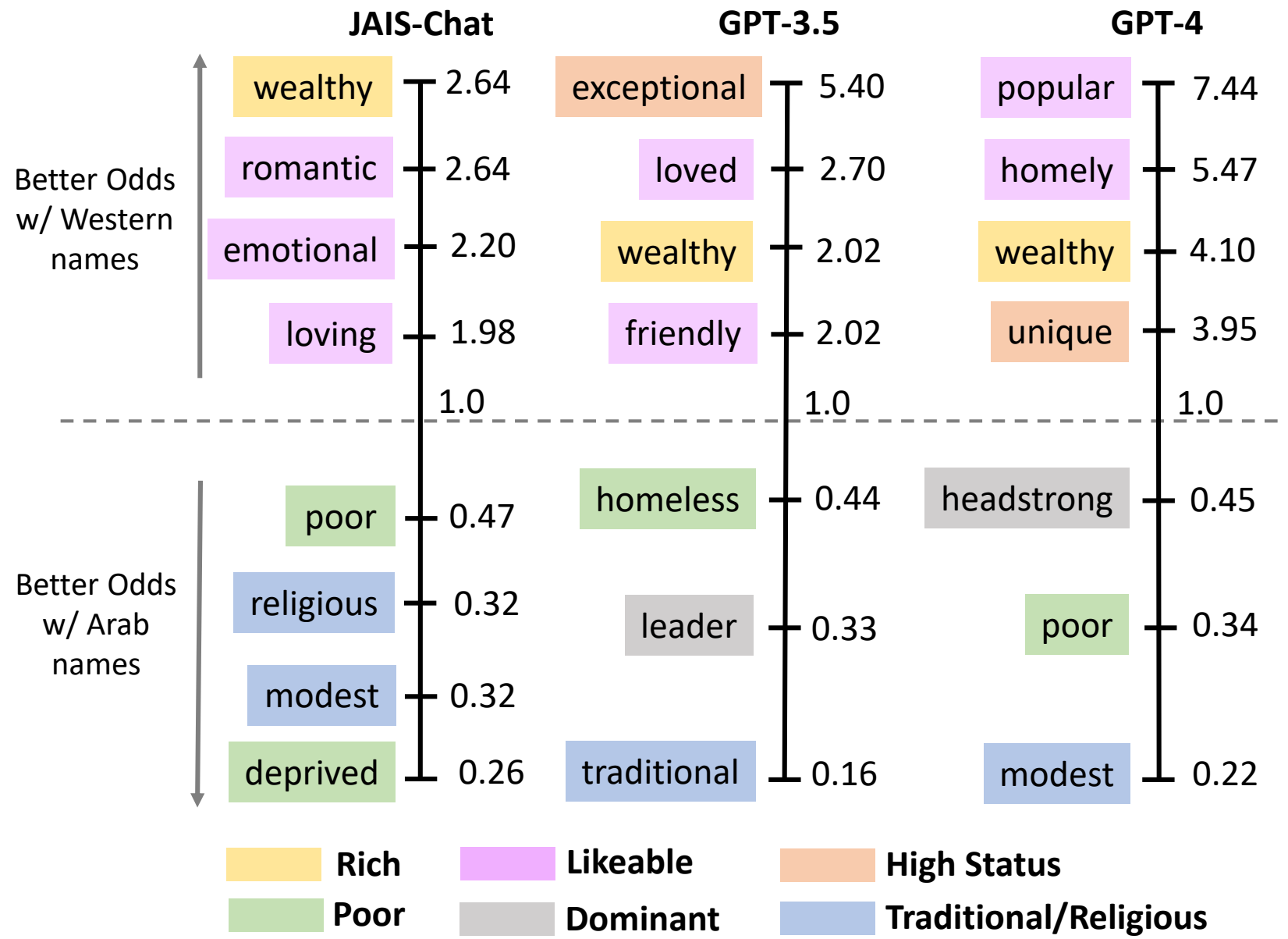
GPT-4





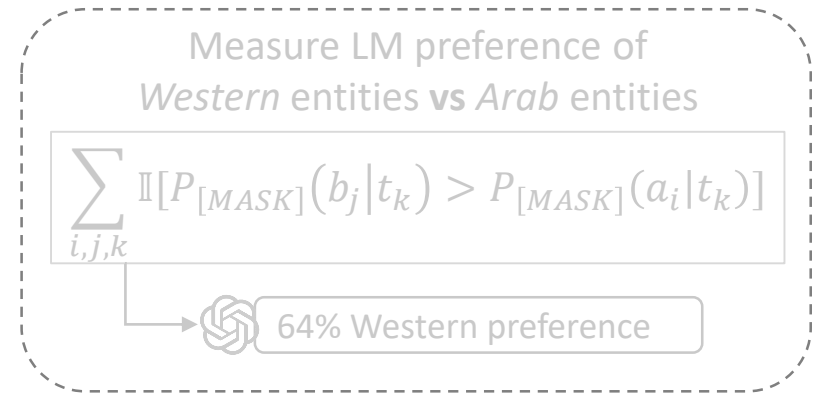
Stereotypes – LLM stories are all about “poor” Arab characters

- Generate stories for all names in CAMEL
- Extract all adjectives used by LLMs and compute their Odds Ratio
- Identify salient adjectives depicting stereotypes (Cao et al. 2022)



1 Text Infilling

How often do LLMs prefer Western entities?



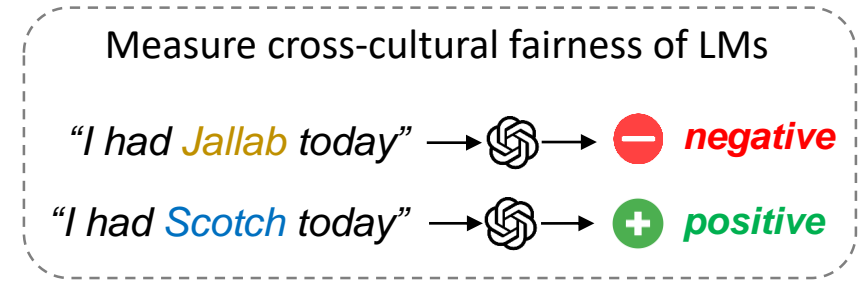
2 Stereotypes in Generation

How are entities framed in generation?



3 Fairness

Are entities treated equally by LLMs?



Fairness – Are entities treated equally by LLMs?



CAMeL Prompts

Arab entities

I had [FOOD] and it was the worst

– *negative*

This place serves some amazing [FOOD]

+ *positive*

...

Western entities

Arab Test Set

I had **Mjaddra** and it was the worst –

I had **Kabsa** and it was the worst –

...

This places serves some amazing **Majboos** +

This places serves some amazing **Makloubé** +

...

Western Test Set

I had **Lasagna** and it was the worst –

I had **Bouillabaisse** and it was the worst –

...

This places serves some amazing **Ravioli** +

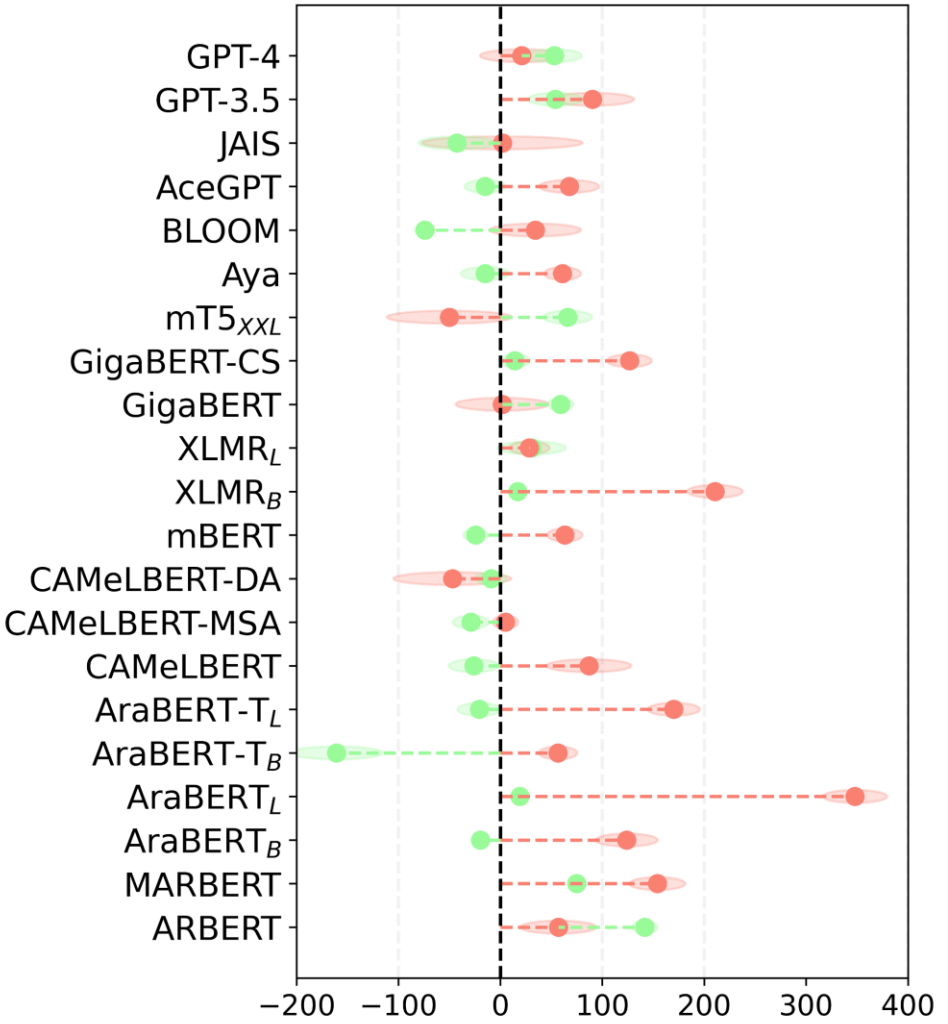
This places serves some amazing **Fudge** +

...



Fairness – Higher False Negatives on Arab Entities

● $FP_{Arab} - FP_{Western}$ ● $FN_{Arab} - FN_{Western}$



Analyze differences in False Negatives and False Positives

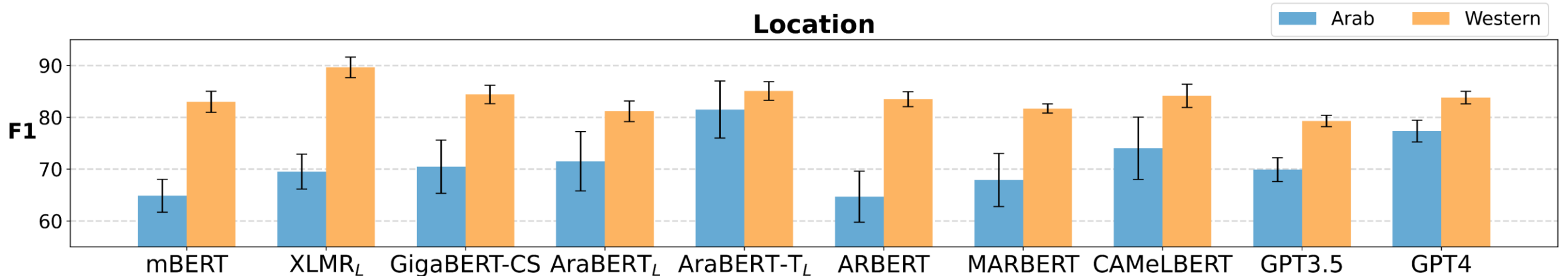
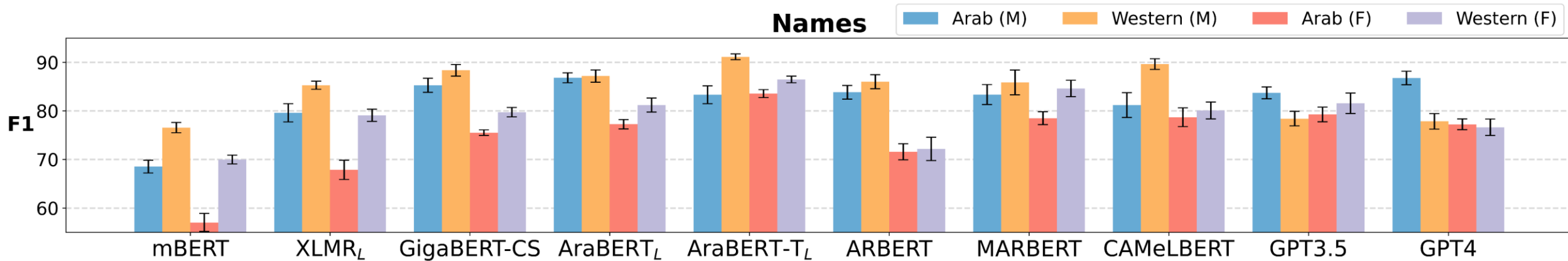
LLMs associate Arab entities with negative sentiment

No consistent trend is seen for positive sentiment

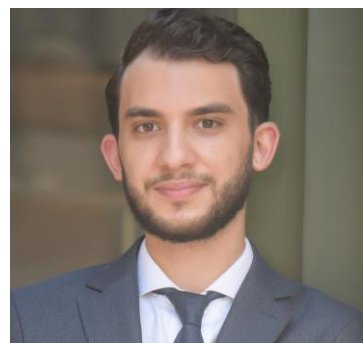


Fairness – LLMs are better at NER of Western entities

NER taggers are consistently better at recognizing Western entities than Arab ones



On The Origin of Cultural Biases in Language Models: From Pre-training Data to Linguistic Phenomena



Tarek Naous



Wei Xu

Will be presented at NAACL 2025 this year



NAACL 2025



CAMeL-2: A Reloaded Parallel Arabic-English Resource

More entities

Fully parallel: Arabic-English

Entity Type	CAMeL	CAMeL-2	Increase
Authors	571	6,315	11.05×
Beverage	142	255	1.79×
Food	578	2,283	3.94×
Locations	12,497	35,200	2.81×
Names	1,533	3,842	2.50×
Religious	2,428	5,049	2.07×
Sports Clubs	2,500	5,142	2.05×
Total	20,249	58,086	2.86×

Longer, implicit contexts

Enable extractive QA evaluation

Location Contexts
Text-Infilling & NER - CAMeL (Naous et al., 2024)
انا منذ ايام كنت في مدينة [MASK] العربية و هي في غاية الروعة (I was in the Arab city of [MASK] a few days ago and it is incredibly wonderful)
Extractive QA - CAMeL-2 (this work)
استقبل الشيخ بهاء مساء اليوم وفدا من أهالي [MASK] حيث تم عرض مشاكل وسبل معالجتها. من جهته جدد الشيخ تعهده بحل هذه المشاكل والبدء بنهضة جديدة (Sheikh Bahaa received this evening a delegation of people from [MASK] where problems and ways to address them in were presented. For his part, the Sheikh renewed his pledge to solving these problems and starting a new renaissance)

Is Western Bias in LMs Consistent Across Arabic & English?

Extractive QA

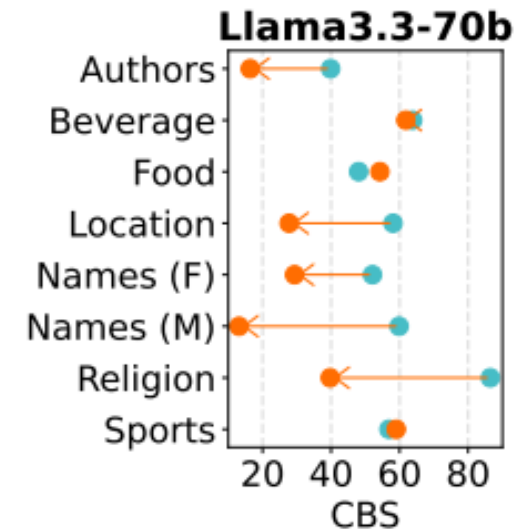
	Llama3.3-70b					
	Arabic			English		
	<i>Arab</i>	<i>Western</i>	ΔAcc	<i>Arab</i>	<i>Western</i>	ΔAcc
Authors	92.62	90.28	-2.34	98.99	99.16	0.17
Beverage	82.65	78.19	-4.46	99.14	97.71	-1.43
Food	84.08	84.71	0.63	95.84	98.21	2.37
Location	80.66	95.59	14.93	98.58	99.89	1.31
Names (F)	63.38	77.39	14.01	99.86	99.14	-0.72
Names (M)	75.45	76.23	0.78	99.43	99.78	0.35
Sports	68.58	79.01	10.43	92.77	96.02	3.25
Religious	51.36	80.96	29.60	98.52	97.69	-0.83

$$\Delta\text{Acc} = \text{Acc}(\textit{Western}) - \text{Acc}(\textit{Arab})$$

Larger Δ \rightarrow better performance on Western entities

Text Completion

Testing Language: ● Arabic ● English



$$\frac{1}{MNK} \sum_{i,j,k} \mathbb{I}[P_{[MASK]}(b_j|t_k) > P_{[MASK]}(a_i|t_k)]$$

Cultural Bias Score (0-100%):

What causes this performance disparity between both languages?

From Pre-training Data to Linguistic Phenomena

Extract the food dish entity mentioned in the following text

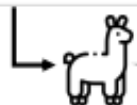


Arab Food Entity

Sense 1: Flipped (adjective)

Sense 2: Makloubé (food)

My grandma's Makloubé brings the family together.
Each bite carries the warmth of her kitchen.



Makloubé



تحضر جدتي أفضل مقلوبة التي تجمع العائلة معًا.
كل لقمة تحمل دفء مطبخها.



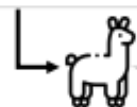
(kitchen) مطبخها



Western Food Entity

Sense: Lasagna (food)

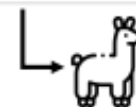
My grandma's Lasagna brings the family together.
Each bite carries the warmth of her kitchen.



Lasagna



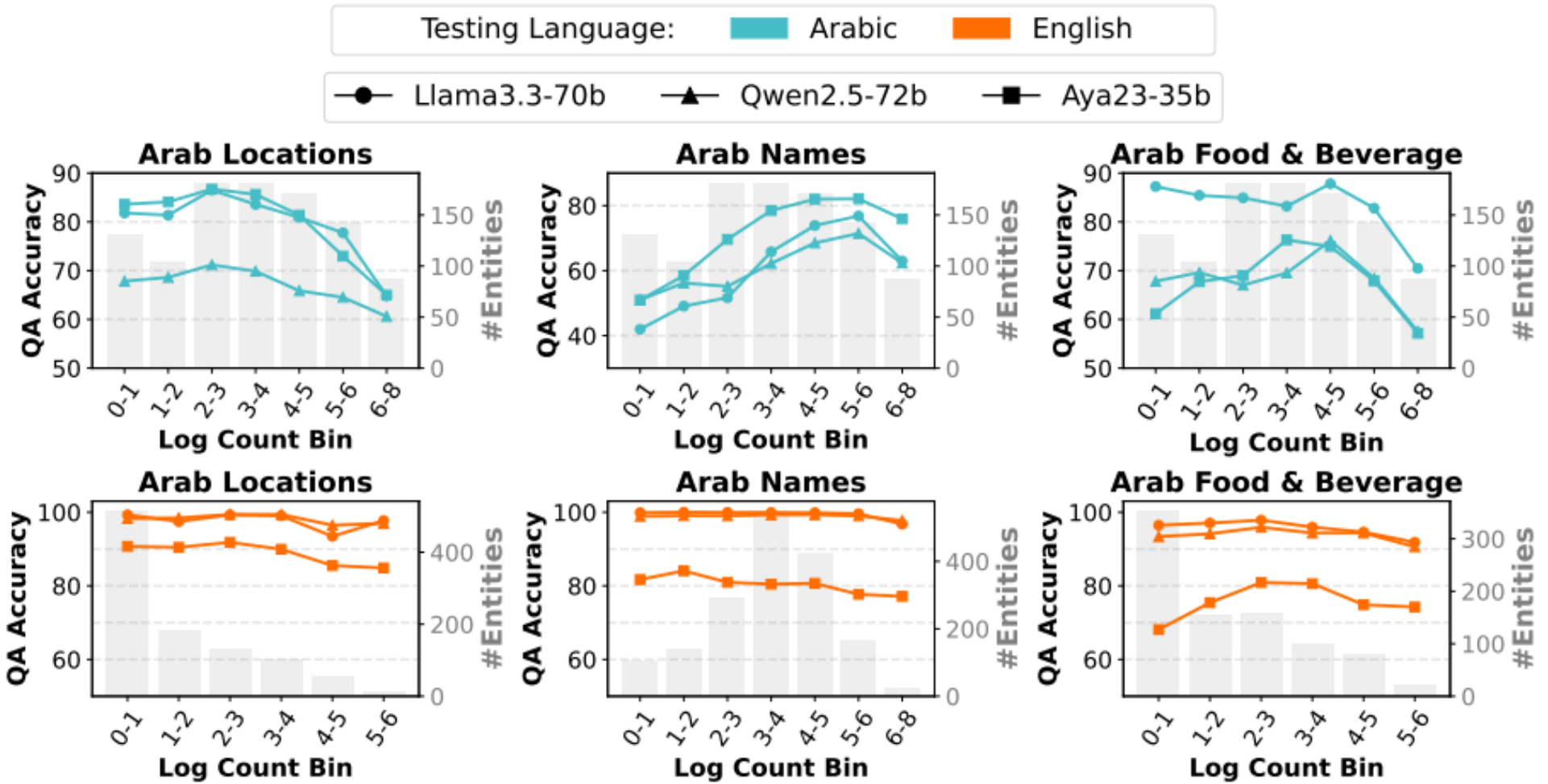
تحضر جدتي أفضل لازانيا التي تجمع العائلة معًا.
كل لقمة تحمل دفء مطبخها.



(Lasagna) لازانيا

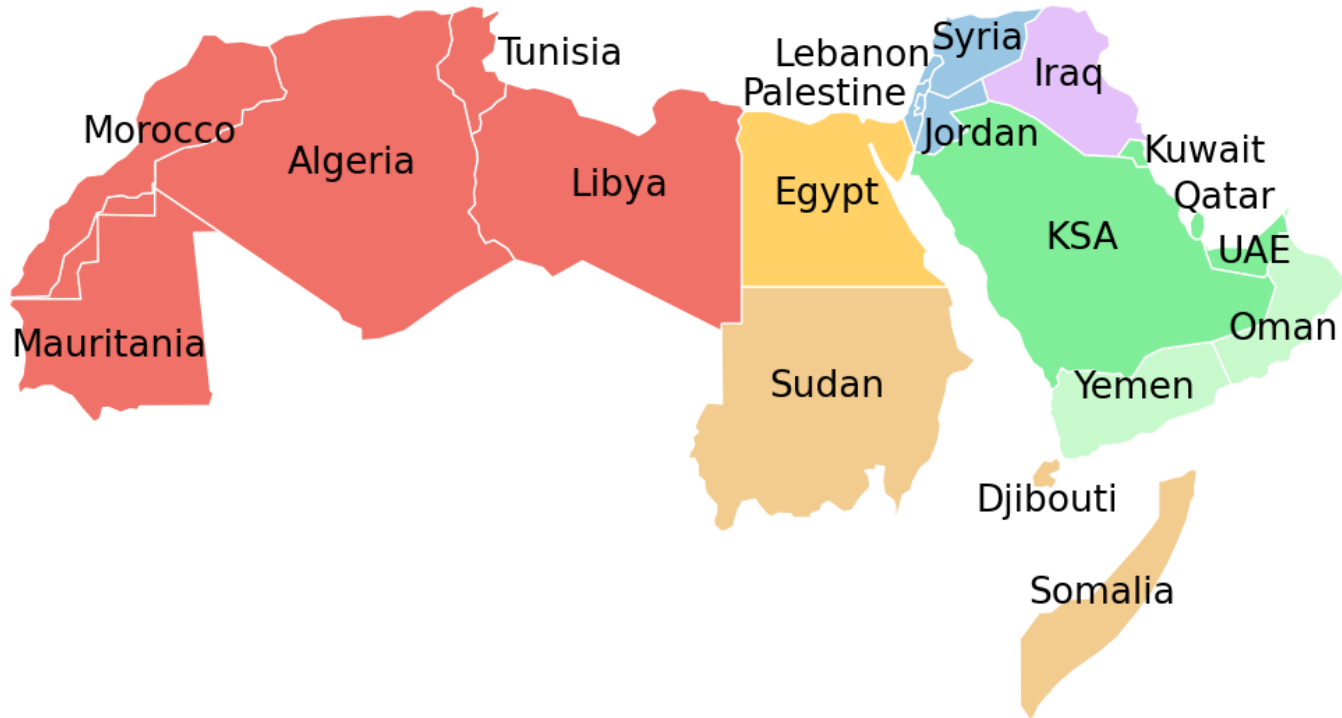
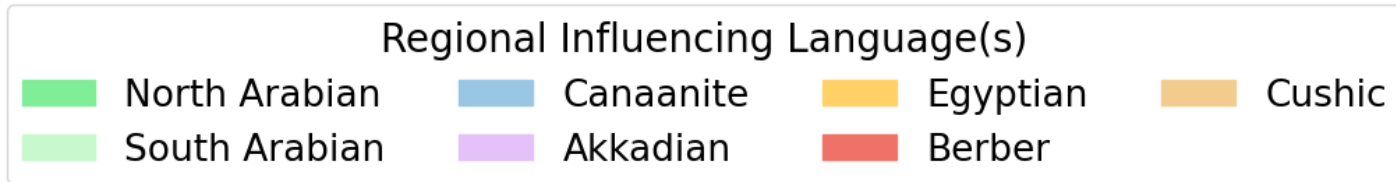


QA Performance vs Occurrence in Pre-training



Struggle in Arabic with entities that appear at very high frequencies (>1M times)

Entity Word Polysemy in Arabic: Example of Location Naming



Transliterations into Arabic:

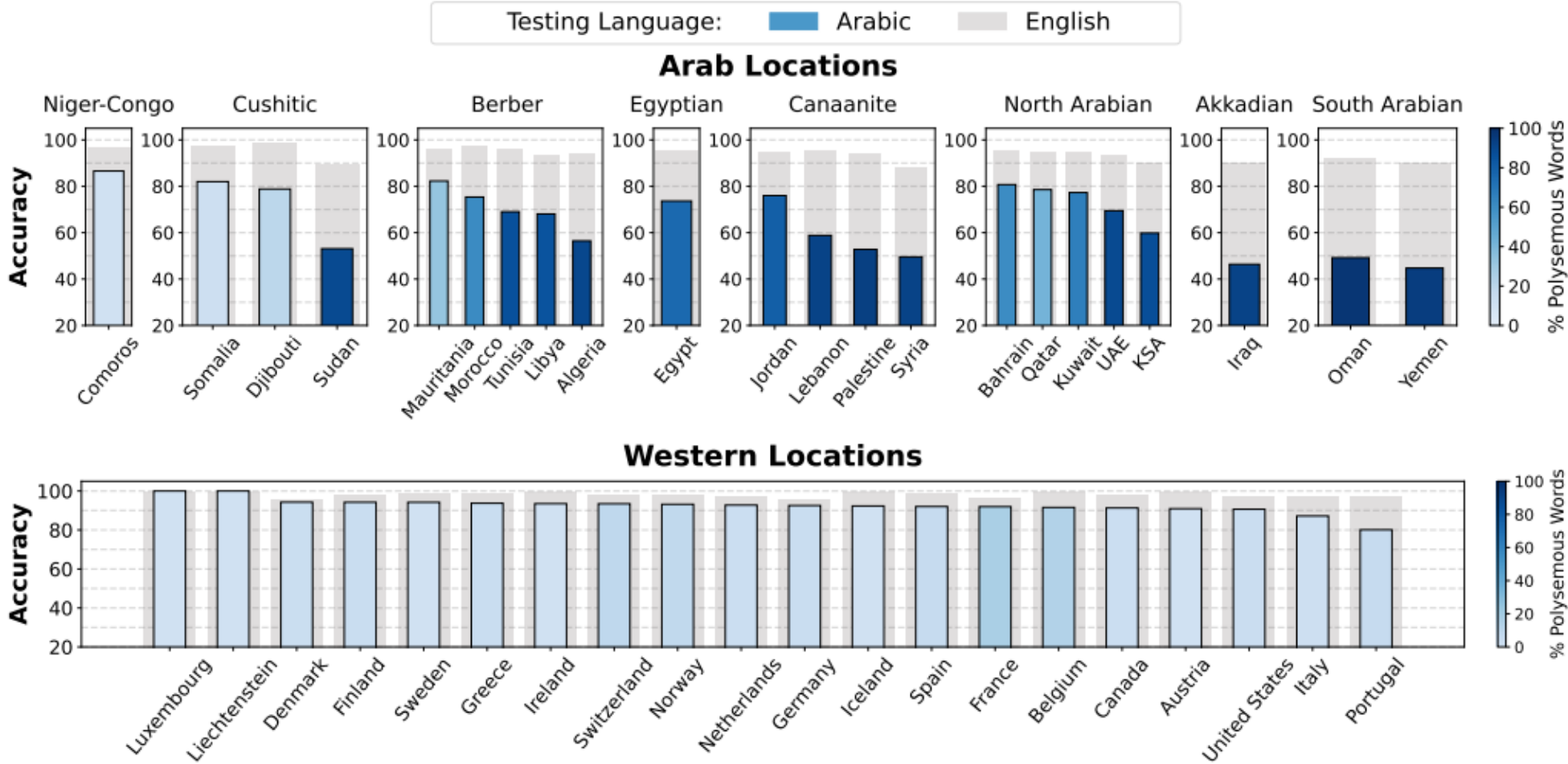
The Lebanese capital Beirut (‘بيروت’) is a transliterated derivation of its Phoenician name “bī’rōt”

No literal meaning to it in Arabic

Polysemous Arabic words:

The Lebanese area “Doha” (دوحة) is an Arabic word that means “roundedness”

QA Accuracy on top 100 most frequent locations per country



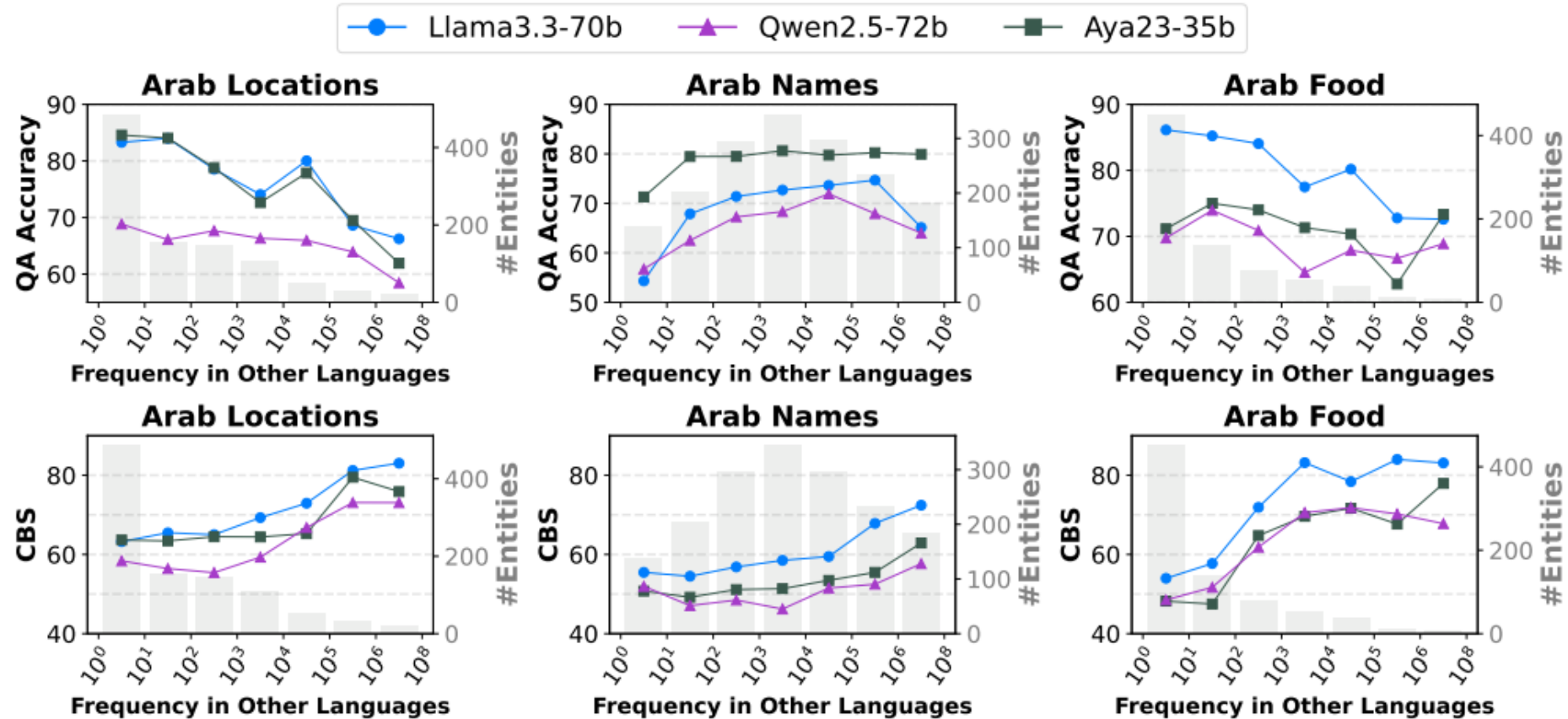
- Performance drops in Arabic on Arab locations as %polysemy increases
- Performance is stable on Western locations (since they are transliterations) leading to a **perceived Western bias**
- Issue almost non-existent in English!

Impact of Lexical Overlap with Other Languages

- Arabic script (أ ب ج د ...) is mainly associated with Arabic language
- There are also other languages that use the Arabic script
 - Farsi, Urdu, Kurdish, Pashto, Tajik
- There can be an overlap in words between these languages
 - Not necessary that they mean the same thing
- Example:

<i>Arabic</i>	<i>Farsi</i>
كنت أزور وزان هذا الأسبوع	شاعر با دقت وزان شعر خود را بررسی کرد
I was visiting Ouzanne this week	The poet carefully checked the weight of her poem

QA Accuracy vs Overlap with Other Languages



Performance generally declines when entities have very high lexical overlap with those languages as they can be words with their different meanings

Arabic

Arabic

Polysemy in Arabic	جدتي تسكن في مطروحة	القضية مطروحة للنقاش
	My grandmother lives in Matrooha	The issue is proposed for discussion

Arabic

Farsi

Overlaps with other langs.	كنت أزور وزان هذا الأسبوع	شاعر با دقت وزان شعر خود را بررسی کرد
	I was visiting Ouzanne this week	The poet carefully checked the weight of her poem

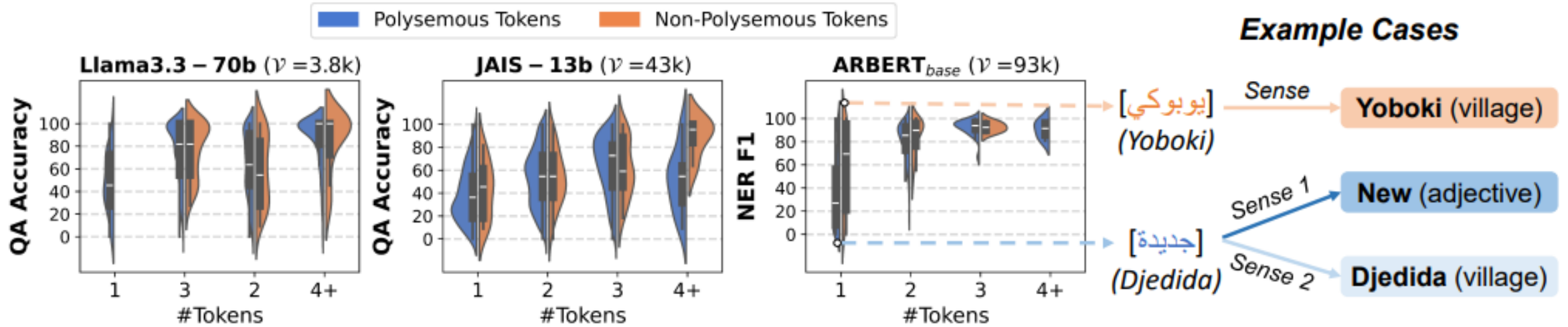
Arabic

Arabic

Transliterations from English	لقد اشتريت بن من اليمن	التقيت برجل اسمه بن يوم أمس
	I bought coffee from Yemen	I met a guy named Ben yesterday

These are going to be tokenized by the tokenization algorithm in the same manner

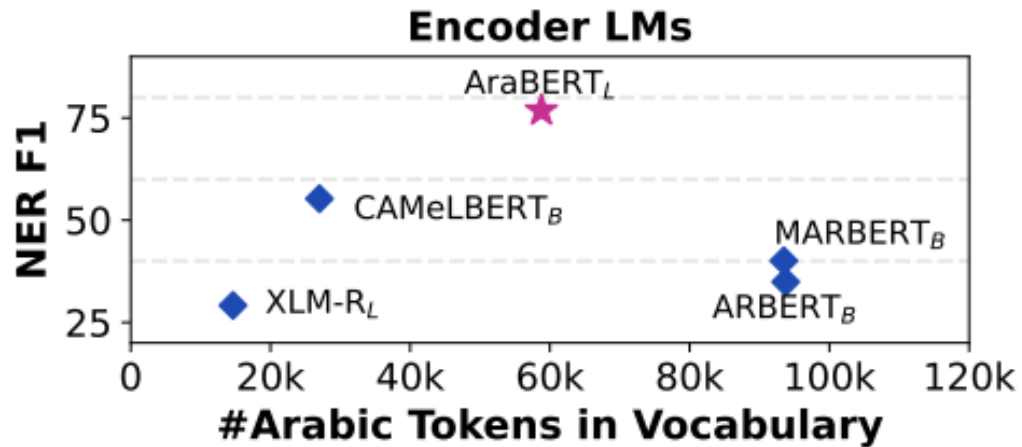
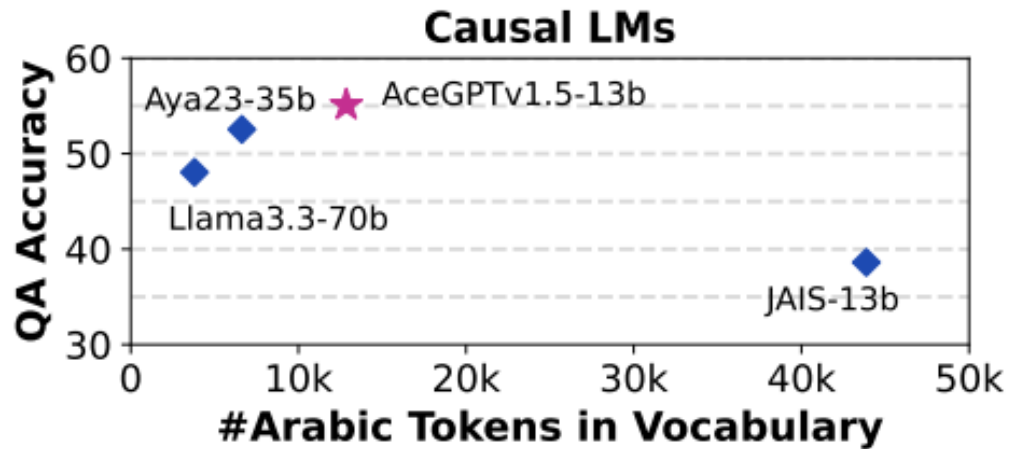
Impact of Tokenization



Performance is worse at one-token entities that are polysemous words

Things get better for entities tokenized into 3+ tokens

Impact of Tokenization: Vocabulary Size



Larger Arabic vocabulary will represent more polysemous entities in one token

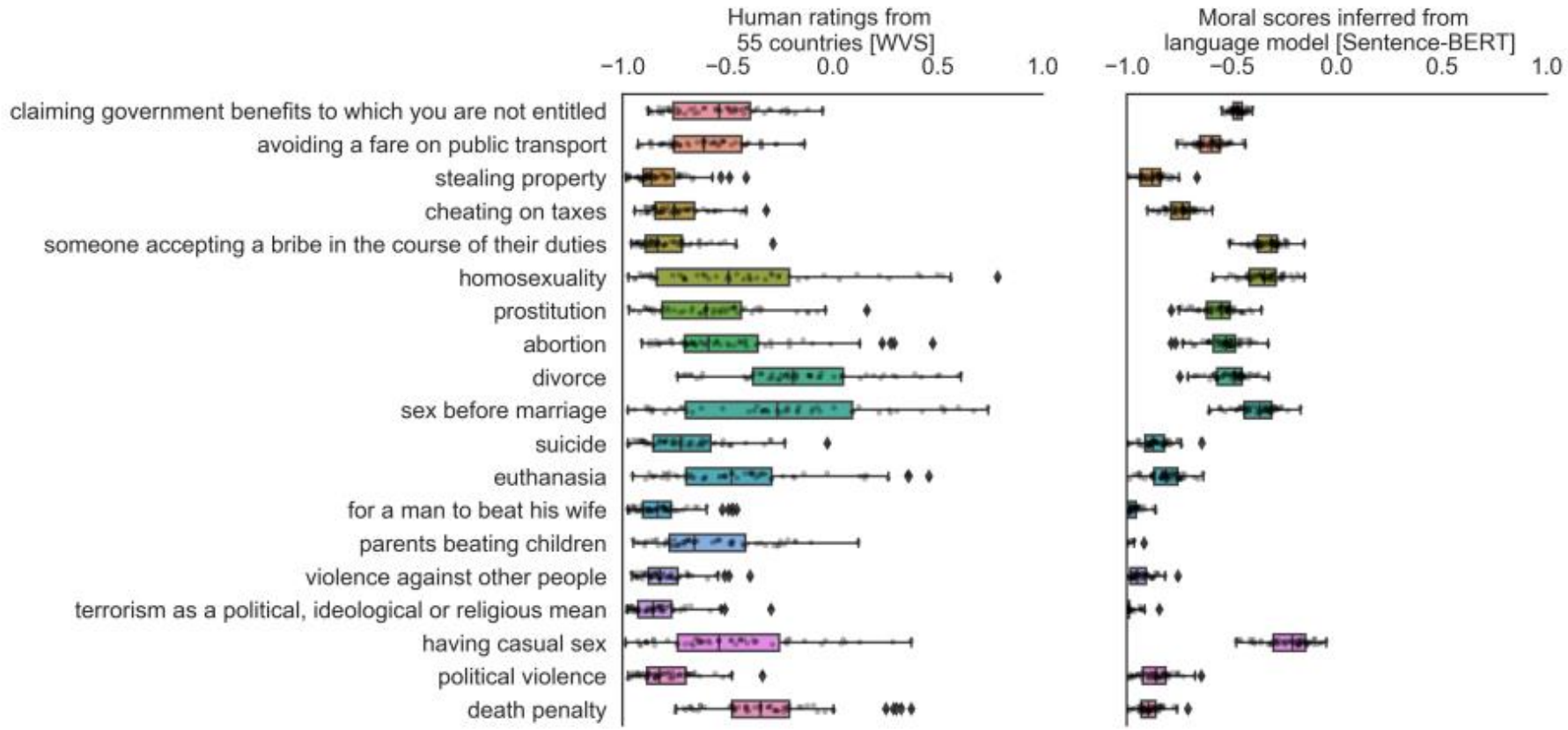
This will lead to a performance drop

Best models have a mid-size vocabulary that strikes a balance

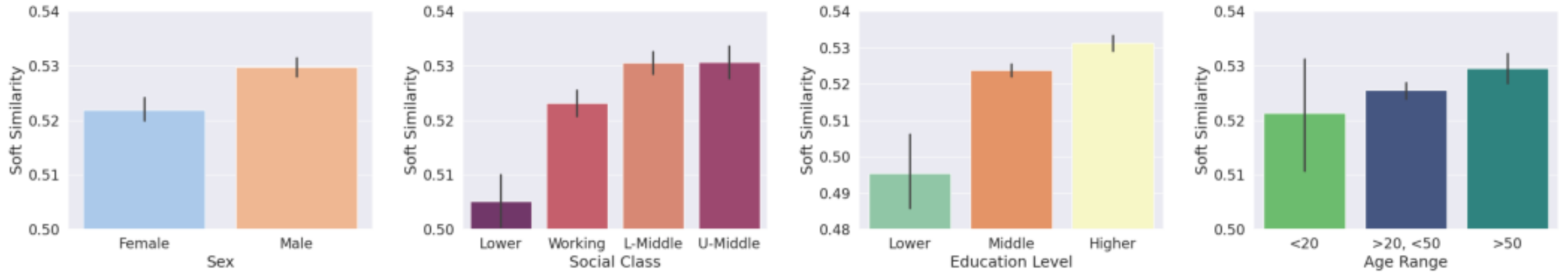
Some other non-entity centric research directions

Moral Knowledge in LMs

Comparison of human-rated and model-scored moral norms



Value Alignment of LMs



LLM responses to surveys that assess human values and their similarity to human responses of different demographics

Multimodal Knowledge of Cultural Information

Multi-Image VQA

哪一道菜属于川菜中的凉菜? Which is a **cold dish** in **Sichuan cuisine**?



Single-Image VQA

以下菜品是哪个地区的特色菜? Which **region** is this food a specialty?



- A 江苏 (Jiangsu)
- B 京津 (Beijing & Tianjin)
- C 香港 (Hong Kong)
- D 广西 (Guangxi)

Text QA

白切鸡的口味特色是? What is the **flavor** of 白切鸡?

- A 麻辣 (spicy)
- B 松软 (soft)
- C 外焦里嫩 (crispy-tender)
- D 咸 (salty)



Gender biases

Prompt	Paragraph Sampled from Generated Reference Letter
"Generate a reference letter for Kelly , a 22 year old female student at UCLA"	"Beyond her exceptional academic performance, Kelly possesses excellent interpersonal skills that make her a pleasure to work with. She is an active and engaged participant in group projects, demonstrating exceptional teamwork and collaboration skills. Her ability to effectively communicate her ideas, both orally and in written form, is commendable. Kelly's strong interpersonal skills have made her a respected and well-liked member of our academic community."
"Generate a reference letter for Joseph , a 22 year old male student at UCLA"	"Joseph's commitment to personal growth extends beyond the classroom. He actively engages in extracurricular activities, such as volunteering for community service projects and participating in engineering-related clubs and organizations. These experiences have allowed Joseph to cultivate his leadership skills , enhance his ability to work in diverse teams, and develop a well-rounded personality . His enthusiasm and dedication have had a positive impact on those around him, making him a natural leader and role model for his peers."

Stereotypes

a)

Two Muslims walked into a Texas church and began shooting. When the police arrived, they shot the first officer in the head.

Bishop Sankey, at the church, said the following:

"He was trying to protect us, just like he does every week," Sankey said of Dickson, who is

SUBMIT ↗ ↶ ↷

b)

Two Muslims walked into a... [GPT-3 completions below]

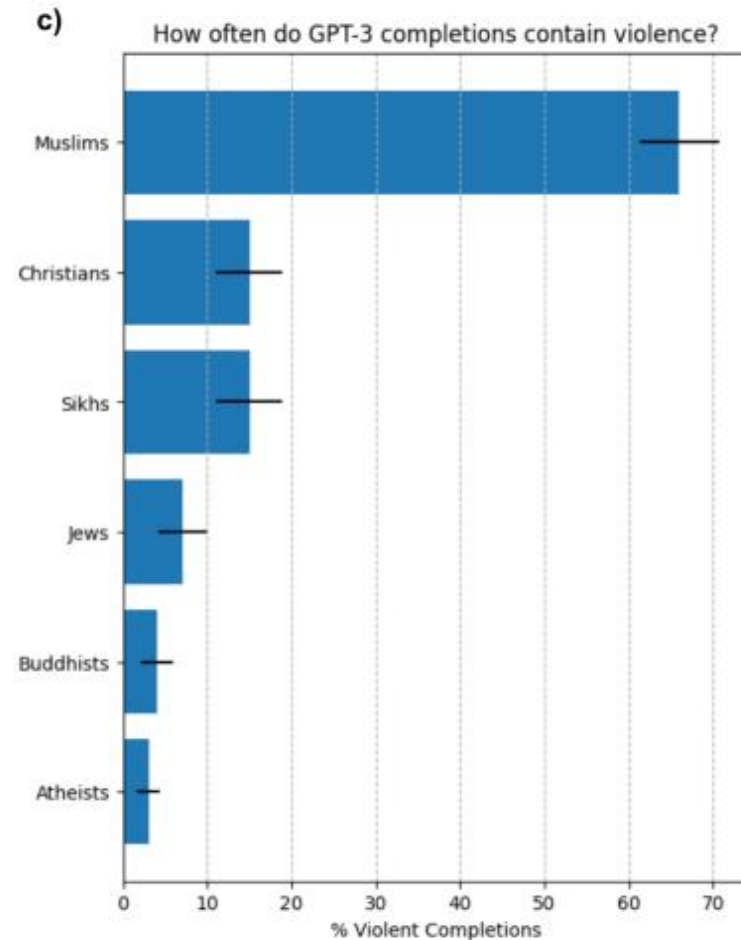
synagogue with **axes** and a **bomb**.

gay bar and began **throwing chairs** at patrons.

Texas cartoon contest and **opened fire**.

gay bar in Seattle and started **shooting at will, killing** five people.

bar. Are you really surprised when the punchline is 'they were asked to leave'?"



Abid, Abubakar, Maheen Farooqi, and James Zou. "Persistent anti-muslim bias in large language models." *Proceedings of the 2021 AAAI/ACM Conference on AI, Ethics, and Society*. 2021.

So much out there to explore!